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**APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT**

**MILITARY DATA LINK INTEGRATION APPARATUS AND  
METHOD**

**INVENTOR**

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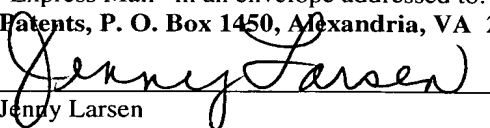
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Jenny Larsen

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Date

# MILITARY DATA LINK INTEGRATION APPARATUS AND METHOD

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### Field of the Invention (Technical Field):

The present invention relates to digital messaging and more particularly to the integration of legacy and new mission display systems with the military data link radios and the implementation of the Link 16 message set defined by MIL-STD-6016 and associated message processing capabilities.

### Background Art:

The military uses various tactical data link radios to send and receive digital voice and data between their air, land, sea and space vehicles, and command and control facilities. On each vehicle and in each command and control facility, these data link radios are interfaced to various mission computers and display systems. The data transmitted across these data link radios consists of messages, message formats, and message protocols defined by various message standards. The mission and display systems use the data contained in these messages from external sources and generate the data put into these messages sent to external systems.

Some examples of military data link radios are UHF line of sight (LOS) radios, UHF DAMA SATCOM, EHF MDR SATCOM, HF radios, Joint Tactical Information Distribution System (JTIDS), Multi-function Information Distribution System (MIDS), and Joint Tactical Radio System (JTRS). Military data link message standards can be Link 4, Link 11, Link 16, Link 22, and the Variable Message Format (VMF). Examples of mission and display systems are vehicle controls and displays equipment, mission computers, workstations, and network servers.

2 The Department of Defense (DoD) has recently selected the Link-16  
data link message set (in accordance with MIL-STD-6016) as the standard for  
use on military platforms for tactical data link operations. In addition, the DoD  
4 is currently developing the Joint Tactical Radio System (JTRS) to use as the  
standard data link radio system. Each existing (legacy) and future military  
6 platform will use the JTRS with the Link 16 message set for its tactical data  
link capability.

8

As outlined in the DoD Command, Control, Communications,  
10 Computers, and Intelligence (C4I) Joint Tactical Data Link Management Plan  
(dated June 2000), a wide range of legacy military platforms will be upgraded  
12 to incorporate the JTRS with the Link-16 message set through 2015 and  
beyond. These same legacy platforms are currently deployed with existing  
14 subsystems that generate information used by or consume information  
provided by various existing and disparate military data link systems. When  
16 the new JTRS equipment is introduced into these legacy platforms, there will  
be a need to interface the existing platform subsystems with the new JTRS  
18 equipment. Also, each existing subsystem will need to be upgraded to utilize  
the new and evolving Link 16 message set.

20

Since most of these existing platform subsystems were developed in  
22 the past, they either implement a subset of the Link 16 message set, or they  
implement a different and older data link message set such as Link 4 or Link  
24 11. Also, many existing subsystems were designed to interface with older  
data link radio equipment and are not compatible with the newer data link  
26 radio equipment and message processing protocols. Each of these prior art  
systems are point solutions unique to the specific platform they are  
28 implemented on, and they are each provided by a specific company. These  
point solutions include receive, transmit, and processing functions. Receive  
30 functions receive the message from the data link radio, decode the message  
data, and send the data to the appropriate subsystem. Transmit functions  
32 collect specific data from platform subsystems, encode the data into the  
proper message format, and send the message to the data link radio.  
34 Processing functions act on selected data elements to perform specific tasks

such as filtering, correlation, keeping track files, and other mission specific  
2 functions. Each solution only implements the subset of messages required for  
that platform's mission. When future changes are needed because the  
4 military wants to add, delete or modify specific messages and message  
processing for the platform, the military must return to the previous point  
6 solution company and pay them to implement the changes. Thus, the existing  
product solutions do not provide the military with the capability of modifying  
8 specific messages without a major product redesign on each unique platform.  
For example, on fighter aircraft the mission computer interfaces to the existing  
10 data link radio and performs the message processing for the message subset  
implemented on the specific fighter. The display system also processes those  
12 messages that contain situational awareness information, but tailors it for the  
specific fighter mission and display requirements.

14

There are many different implementations of data link integration used  
16 in the United States military aircraft as well as NATO countries. Each of these  
are point solutions that were designed specifically for the aircraft they are  
18 used on. A specific example is the Data Link Interface Processor (DLIP)  
provided by Thales Communications. However, these existing  
20 implementations do not offer the benefits of the Military Data Link Integration  
Application:

- 22 • They only implement a subset of the full J-Series message set.
- They are not user programmable. Any addition or deletion of messages or  
24 special message processing functions requires redesign of the operational  
software.
- 26 • They do not use API databases to allow I/O re-configuration without  
modification.
- 28 • They do not provide standard display system interfaces and video outputs.

30 As a result, the upgrade costs for these existing platform subsystems  
will be enormous if traditional subsystem upgrade approaches are used.  
32 Traditional upgrade approaches involve point solutions and upgrades by  
different integrators on each platform application. A need exists for a

common and low cost military data link integration (MDLI) product that can be  
used in multiple and disparate platform applications.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION (DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION)

The present invention implements a common scalable design that can be used on each and every platform application. The invention implements the complete or full Link 16 J-Series message set with a database driven design so that the military user can control message activation, message deactivation, and message processing instructions for each platform application. The database used for this capability is created by and maintained by the military user. The military does not need to pay any company to do this for them. This allows the common MDLI product to work on each unique platform without the need to recompile the operational software.

The present invention implements a database driven design that allows automatic re-configuration of the MDLI product for each unique platform without the need for software changes to the product. The database used for this capability contains the interface instructions for each type of subsystem used on each unique platform and allows the common MDLI product to work on each unique platform without the need to recompile the operational software.

The present invention implements special message processing functions. These functions provide correlation of similar data from disparate sources, target track files, formatting of data into situational awareness display formats, automatic event triggers and associated actions, automatic triggers for transmit messages, mission recording and playback, and others. In addition, the present invention provides standard video outputs for Link 16 display formats.

2       A primary object of the present invention is to provide a cpmmon  
scalable design that can be used on each and every platform application

4       One advantage of the Military Data Link Integration Application is that it  
provides the military with a low cost solution. The user can tailor how the  
6       Military Data Link Integration Application works on each unique host platform  
simply by updating the Applications Programming Interface (API) Databases  
8       and User Modifiable Instructions (UMI) Databases. This gives the user  
control over the use and operation of the solution without the need to pay  
10       someone to modify it for them.

12       Another advantage of the Military Data Link Integration Application is  
that it is flexible, scalable, and reusable for each unique host platform.  
14       Through the API Database it can be used on multiple unique host platforms to  
interface with available communications subsystems and legacy subsystems  
16       without any required modifications.

18       Yet another advantage of the Military Data Link Integration Application  
is that it implements the complete set of Link 16 messages and processing  
20       rules defined in MIL-STD-6016. The user can then activate or deactivate  
messages as required for each unique host platform.

22

24       Another advantage of the Military Data Link Integration Application is  
that it implements special message processing functions and utilities that can  
be activated or deactivated by the user. These message processing functions  
26       and utilities allow the user to add value to the data and messages sent by the  
Military Data Link Integration Application to available communications  
28       subsystems and legacy subsystems on the host platform.

30       Another advantage of the Military Data Link Integration Application is  
that it provides standard display system interfaces to support flexible and user  
32       programmable display formats to view Link 16 data and legacy subsystem  
data.

Another advantage of the Military Data Link Integration Application is the Ground Based Software Tool that allows users to define and create the API Databases and UMI Databases on a workstation in an office environment.

Another advantage of the Military Data Link Integration Application common solution is that it saves the user money on training and maintenance costs across all host platforms.

Other objects, advantages and novel features, and further scope of applicability of the present invention will be set forth in part in the detailed description to follow, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, and in part will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon examination of the following, or may be learned by practice of the invention. The objects and advantages of the invention may be realized and attained by means of the instrumentalities and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated into and form a part of the specification, illustrate several embodiments of the present invention and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention. The drawings are only for the purpose of illustrating a preferred embodiment of the invention and are not to be construed as limiting the invention. In the drawings:

Fig. 1 depicts the military data link integration application implantation on a host processor;

Fig. 2 is a flow chart that shows the preferred military data link integration application;

Fig. 3 is a flow chart showing the data link message processing flow;

Fig. 4 is a flow chart showing the data link platform integration processing flow;

Fig. 5 shows the military data link integration application hosted on a  
2 general purpose processor module; and

Fig. 6 shows the military data link integration application hosted on an  
4 image processing module.

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8 DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS  
(BEST MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION)

10 The Military Data Link Integration Application is a software partition that  
executes on a host processor. Fig. 1 illustrates how the Military Data Link  
12 Integration Application **100** software partition is implemented. This same  
implementation is envisioned for each platform in which the Military Data Link  
14 Integration Application is used. The Military Data Link Integration Application  
consists of the following functions: Data Link Message Processing **200**, Data  
16 Link Platform Integration **400**, Application Programming Interface (API)  
Database **300**, Message Parameter Database **340**, and User Modifiable  
18 Instructions (UMI) Database **350**. These Military Data Link Integration  
Application functions (**200** through **400**) are implemented in a computer  
20 system available on each host platform. The host computer system is  
expected to consist of a Host Applications Processor **632** module, Legacy  
22 Image Processing Module (IPM) **634**, Legacy Input and Output (I/O) Modules  
**636**, and a computer cabinet with the necessary Legacy Computer Module  
24 Interconnects **638**. The Military Data Link Integration Application functions  
(**200** through **400**) execute on the Host Applications Processor **632** and  
26 interface with legacy software Mission Applications **630** that are also  
executing on the Host Applications Processor **632** through pre-defined API  
28 data exchange protocols in the API Database **300**. The Military Data Link  
Integration Application functions (**200** through **400**) also interface with external  
30 Communications Subsystems **500** and other Legacy Subsystems **600** through  
the host computer system Legacy IPM **634**, Legacy I/O Modules **636**, and  
32 their associated Legacy Computer Module Interconnections **638**. The pre-  
defined data exchange protocols consist of host computer system port  
34 addresses, message structures and formats, and data exchange command

sequences. The Military Data Link Integration Application functions (**200**  
2 through **400**) utilize these host computer resources (**632**, **634**, **636** and **638**) to  
exchange data with external subsystems (**500** and **600**) over pre-defined  
4 system interfaces Legacy I/O **660** and Link 16 Messages **550**. Additionally,  
the Military Data Link Integration Application databases (**300** and **350**) can be  
6 created off the platform on a Ground Based Software Tool **700**. These  
databases can then be uploaded to the Host Application Processor **632**  
8 memory through a data loader within the Legacy Subsystems **600** using a  
Data Loader Cartridge **702**. These databases (**300** and **350**) are used by the  
10 Data Link Message Processing **200** and Data Link Platform Integration **400**  
functions to automatically configure the Military Data Link Integration  
12 Application on the host platform, and to implement user defined instructions.

14 Fig. 2 illustrates the Military Data Link Integration Application **100**  
approach consisting of its major functions Data Link Message Processing **200**  
16 and Data Link Platform Integration **400**. It also includes the API Database  
**300**, the Message Parameter Database **340**, and the User Modifiable  
18 Instructions (UMI) Database **350**. The Data Link Message Processing **200**  
function implements the Link 16 message set with its processing rules and  
20 special message functions. It interfaces with the Communications  
Subsystems **500** on the host platform, databases (**300**, **340** and **350**), and the  
22 Data Link Platform Integration **400** function. The Data Link Platform  
Integration **400** function implements the rules and instructions needed to  
24 interface with and interact with the various Legacy Subsystems **600** on the  
host platform, as well as Special Platform Functions **460**, under the control of  
26 the Data Link Message Processing **200** function. Control is accomplished  
through the Control and Status Exchange **320** interface. The Data Link  
28 Platform Integration **400** function also implements the data loader function  
that is used to update the API Database **300** and the UMI Database **350** using  
30 the host platform's Data Loader **640** device.

Fig. 3 provides the Data Link Message Processing **200** functional flow  
32 chart. The processing flow illustrated in Fig. 3 implements the functions **210**  
through **260** identified on Fig. 2. The Automatically Configurable API **210**  
34 function shown on Fig. 2 is implemented in processes **212** through **224** of Fig.

3. The Decode Messages **230** function shown on Fig. 2 is implemented in processes **230** and **232** of Fig. 3. The Encode Messages **240** function shown on Fig. 2 is implemented in processes **240** and **242** of Fig. 3. The function Standard Message Processing and Link 16 Network Management Rules per MIL-STD-6016 **250** shown on Fig. 2 is implemented in processes **252** through **256** of Fig. 3. The Special Message Functions **260** shown on Fig. 2 is implemented in process **260** of Fig. 3.

The Data Link Message Processing **200** function processing flow is as follows. As shown in Fig. 3, Startup **212** occurs after application of power when the Host Applications Processor **632** ( Fig. 1) initiates the execution of the Data Link Message Processing **200** function. The Initialize Communications Interface **214** task is executed to establish the interfaces to the Communications Subsystems **500** using pre-defined instructions in the Communications Equipment API **302** database obtained through the API Configurations **310** interface (Fig. 2). This database contains the instructions to identify which Communications Subsystems **500** are available on the host platform. The database also provides Host Applications Processor **632** interface port addresses and protocols, message structures and formats, and command sequences to accomplish data exchange for each of the available communications subsystems (**510** through **540**). After initialization is complete, Receive Messages **216** task is executed to poll each available Communications Subsystem (**510** through **540**) for incoming Link 16 Messages **550**. These incoming messages are received into Receive Message Queue **222**. Decode Messages **230** task is then executed to unpack each received message in Receive Message Queue **222** and extract the data contained within each message. The extracted data is placed in Receive Message Data **232** storage area. Process Input Data **252** task is then executed to process incoming Link 16 data in accordance with the message processing rules defined in MIL-STD-6016 **254**. All Link 16 message processing rules are contained in MIL-STD-6016 Message Rules **254** data storage area. Process Input Data **252** task uses pre-defined Message Processing Instructions **354** to determine which Link 16 messages have been activated for the host platform and then uses the appropriate MIL-

STD-6016 Message Rule **254** on received message data **232**. Message  
parameters obtained from incoming data are stored in Message Parameter  
Database **340**. Execute Special Message Functions **260** task is then  
executed. Execute Special Message Functions **260** task uses Data Collection  
Instructions **356** to identify data parameters to be collected from Legacy  
Subsystems **600** on the host platform. These collected data parameters are  
stored in Message Parameter Database **340**. Execute Special Message  
Functions **260** task uses Message Processing Instructions **354** to activate  
utilities on user specified data parameters. These utilities include data fusion  
algorithms, creation and update of track files, creation and update of shared  
situational awareness (SSA) information, and other user defined data  
operations. The results of these utility operations are stored in Message  
Parameter Database **340**. Execute Special Message Functions **260** task uses  
Routing Instructions **352** to identify data in Message Parameter Database **340**  
to be sent to specific Legacy Subsystems **600** and Communications  
Subsystems **500**. Execute Special Message Functions **260** task uses Display  
Format Instructions **358** to format selected data in Message Parameter  
Database **340** for display. Process Output Data **256** task is then executed.  
This task formats the data tagged in Message Parameter Database **340** for  
output to available Communications Subsystems **500**. The tagged data is  
formatted in accordance with MIL-STD-6016 Message Rules **254**, and then is  
placed in Transmit Message Data **242** buffer. Encode Messages **240** task is  
then executed to encode the output data into the appropriate message format  
and to place these formatted messages in Transmit Message Queue **224**.  
Transmit Messages **218** task is then executed to send each transmit message  
to the appropriate Communications Subsystem (**510**, **520**, **530**, or **540**). A  
check is made to decide if it is time to Shutdown **220**. If not, then Data Link  
Message Processing **200** function repeats itself by starting again with Receive  
Message **216** task. This process is repeated at a pre-defined update rate.  
Otherwise, Data Link Message Processing **200** function is Shutdown **222**.

Fig. 4 provides the Data Link Platform Integration Processing **400**  
functional flow chart. The processing flow illustrated in Fig. 4 implements the  
functions **410** through **460** identified on Fig. 2. Automatically Configurable

API **410** function (Fig. 2) is implemented in processes **412** through **424** of Fig. 2. Decode Data **430** function (Fig. 2) is implemented in processes **430** and **432** in Fig. 4. Encode Data **440** function (Fig. 2) is implemented in processes **440** and **442** of Fig. 4. Function Rules and Instructions for Unique Host Platform Requirements **450** (Fig. 2) is implemented in processes **452** through **456** of Fig. 4. Special Platform Functions **460** (Fig. 2) is implemented in process **460** of Fig. 4.

Data Link Platform Integration Processing **400** function processing flow is as follows. Startup **412** occurs after application of power when Host Applications Processor **632** (Fig. 1) initiates the execution of Data Link Platform Integration Processing **400** function. Initialize Legacy Interfaces **414** task is executed to establish the interfaces to Legacy Subsystems **600** using pre-defined instructions in the Displays Equipment API **304** database, Mission Equipment API **306** database, and Platform Unique API **308** database using API Configurations **310** interface (Fig. 2). These databases contain the instructions to identify which Legacy Subsystems **600** are available on the host platform. These databases also provide Host Applications Processor **632** interface port addresses and protocols, message structures and formats, and command sequences to accomplish data exchange for each of the available legacy subsystems (**610** through **650**). After initialization is complete, Receive Data **416** task is executed to poll each available Legacy Subsystem (**610** through **650**) for incoming Legacy I/O **660**. The incoming data is received into Receive Data Queue **422**. Decode Data **430** task is then executed to unpack each received data item in Receive Data Queue **422** and extract the data from the legacy subsystem message format. The extracted data is placed in Receive Data **432** buffer. Process Input Data **452** task is then executed to process incoming data in accordance with Platform Integration Rules **454**. Process Input Data **452** task uses pre-defined Platform Application Instructions **360** to determine which legacy subsystems have been activated for the host platform and then uses the appropriate Platform Integration Rules **454** on Receive Data **432**. Message parameters obtained from incoming data are stored in Message Parameter Database **340**. Execute Special Platform Functions **460** task is then executed. Execute

Special Platform Functions **460** task uses Data Collection Instructions **356** to  
2 identify data parameters to be collected from Legacy Subsystems **600** on the  
host platform. These collected data parameters are stored in Message  
4 Parameter Database **340**. Execute Special Platform Functions **460** task uses  
Platform Application Instructions **360** to activate utilities on user specified data  
6 parameters. These utilities include display applications, mission applications,  
and other user defined data operations. The results of these utility operations  
8 are stored in Message Parameter Database **340**. Execute Special Platform  
Functions **460** task uses Display Format Instructions **358** to format selected  
10 data in Message Parameter Database **340** for display. Process Output Data  
**456** task is then executed. This task formats the data tagged in Message  
12 Parameter Database **340** for output to available Legacy Subsystems **600**.  
The tagged data is formatted in accordance with Platform Integration Rules  
14 **454**, and then is placed in Transmit Data **442** buffer. Encode Data **440** task is  
then executed to encode the output data into the appropriate message format  
16 and to place these formatted messages in Transmit Data Queue **424**.  
Transmit Data **418** task is then executed to send each transmit data message  
18 to the appropriate Legacy Subsystem (**610**, **620**, **630**, **640** or **650**). A check is  
made to determine if it is time to Shutdown **420**. If not, then Data Link  
20 Platform Integration Processing **400** function repeats itself by starting again  
with Receive Data **416** task. This process is repeated at a pre-defined update  
22 rate. Otherwise, Data Link Platform Integration Processing **400** function is  
Shutdown **425**.

24

A capability of the Military Data Link Integration Application is the ability  
26 to automatically initialize its interfaces to Communications Subsystems **500** on  
the host platform. This capability allows the Military Data Link Integration  
28 Application to be hosted on many different host platforms without the need to  
modify it for different communications equipment configurations.  
30 Automatically Configurable API **210**, shown on Fig. 2, uses Communications  
Equipment API **302** database to obtain instructions to identify which  
32 Communications Subsystems (**510** through **540**) are available on the host  
platform. Communications Equipment API **302** database also provides Host  
34 Applications Processor **632** (Fig. 1) interface port addresses and protocols,

message structures and formats, and command sequences to accomplish  
2 data exchange for each of the available communications subsystems (**510**  
through **540**). Communications Equipment API **302** database is created off  
4 the platform using Ground Based Software Tool **700** shown in Fig. 1. Ground  
Based Software Tool **700** is provided on a workstation in an office  
6 environment. This tool is used to define the interface port addresses and  
protocols, message structures and formats, and command sequences to  
8 accomplish data exchange for each of the communications subsystems  
available on a specific platform and to create the associated Communications  
10 Equipment API **302** database for the host platform. This Communications  
Equipment API **302** database is then copied to a Data Loader Cartridge **702**  
12 (Fig. 1). Data Loader Cartridge **702** is then used on the host platform to load  
Communications Equipment API **302** database into Military Data Link  
14 Integration Application API Database **300** storage area through host platform  
Data Loader **640** shown in Fig. 2. The instructions in Communications  
16 Equipment API **302** database are used by Initialize Communications Interface  
**214** task (Fig. 3) to automatically configure Data Link Message Processing  
18 **200** functions for the host platform communications subsystems (**510** through  
**540** in Fig. 2). Communications Equipment API **302** database is also used by  
20 Receive Messages **216** task and Transmit Messages **218** task to  
automatically configure these tasks to exchange incoming and outgoing  
22 messages with the available host platform communications subsystems (**510**  
through **540**).

24 Another capability of the Military Data Link Integration Application is the  
ability to automatically initialize its interfaces to Legacy Subsystems **600** on  
26 the host platform. This capability allows the Military Data Link Integration  
Application to be hosted on many different host platforms without the need to  
28 modify it for different legacy mission and displays equipment configurations.  
Automatically Configurable API **410** (Fig. 2) uses Displays Equipment API **304**  
30 database, Mission Equipment API **306** database, and Platform Unique API  
**308** database to obtain instructions to identify which legacy subsystems (**610**  
32 through **650**) are available on the host platform. The databases (**304**, **306**  
and **308**) also provide Host Applications Processor **632** (Fig. 1) interface port  
34 addresses and protocols, message structures and formats, and command

sequences to accomplish data exchange for each of the available legacy  
subsystems (**610** through **650**). The instructions in the databases (**304**, **306**  
and **308**) are used by Initialize Legacy Interfaces **414** task, shown in Fig. 4, to  
automatically configure Data Link Platform Integration Processing **400**  
functions for the host platform legacy subsystems (**610** through **650** in Fig. 2).  
The databases (**304**, **306** and **308**) are also used by Receive Data **416** task  
and Transmit Data **418** task to automatically configure these tasks to  
exchange incoming and outgoing data with the available host platform legacy  
subsystems (**610** through **650**).

Another capability of the Military Data Link Integration Application is the  
ability to implement user specified instructions associated with Link 16  
message processing and unique host platform functions. This capability  
allows the user to tailor how Link 16 messages are processed, to define  
special message processing functions, and to define special platform  
integration functions without the need to modify the Military Data Link  
Integration Application for each host platform configuration. Several  
databases are used to implement this capability. These databases, shown on  
Fig. 2, are Routing Instructions **352** database, Message Processing  
Instructions **354** database, Data Collection Instructions **356** database, Display  
Format Instructions **358** database, and Platform Application Instructions **360**  
database. Routing Instructions **352** database provides instructions that  
identify data to be routed and the associated source and destination  
information. Source instructions identify the Link 16 message in which the  
data is contained or the legacy subsystem that provides the data. Destination  
instructions identify the Link 16 message in which the data is required or a  
legacy subsystem that required the data. Execute Special Message  
Functions **260** task, shown in Fig. 3, uses Routing Instructions **352** database  
to identify and tag source data in Message Parameter Database **340**, shown  
in Fig. 2, to be sent to specific legacy subsystems (**610** through **650**) and  
communications subsystems (**510** through **540**). The source data tagged for  
Link 16 messages is then processed by Process Output Data **256** task (Fig.  
3), Encode Messages **240** task (Fig. 3) and Transmit Messages **218** task (Fig.  
3). This data is incorporated into Link 16 messages that are sent to the

available communications subsystems (**510** through **540**). The source data  
tagged for legacy subsystems is then processed by Process Output Data **456**  
task (Fig. 4), Encode Data **440** task (Fig. 4) and Transmit Data **418** task (Fig.  
4). This data is incorporated into messages that are sent to the available  
legacy subsystems (**610** through **650**). Message Processing Instructions **354**  
database provides instructions that identify which Link 16 messages to  
activate or deactivate, and which utility functions to activate for specific data  
items. Message Processing Instructions **354** database is used by Process  
Input Data **252** task, (Fig. 3), to identify which Link 16 messages have been  
activated for the host platform and then uses the appropriate MIL-STD-6016  
Message Rules **254** on received message data **232**. Message parameters  
obtained from incoming messages are stored in Message Parameter  
Database **340**. Execute Special Message Functions **260** task also uses  
Message Processing Instructions **354** database to activate utilities on user  
specified data parameters. These utilities include data fusion algorithms,  
creation and update of track files, creation and update of shared situational  
awareness (SSA) information, and other built-in data operations. The results  
of these utility operations are stored in Message Parameter Database **340**.  
Data Collection Instructions **356** database provides instructions that identify  
what data is to be collected from the available communications subsystems  
(**510** through **540**) and legacy subsystems (**610** through **650**). Data Collection  
Instructions **356** database is used by Execute Special Message Functions **260**  
task, (Fig. 3), to identify data parameters to be collected from available  
communications subsystems (**510** through **540**) on the host platform. These  
collected data parameters are stored in Message Parameter Database **340**.  
Data Collection Instructions **356** database is also used by Execute Special  
Platform Functions **460** task, (Fig. 4), to identify data parameters to be  
collected from legacy subsystems (**610** through **650**) on the host platform.  
These collected data parameters are stored in Message Parameter Database  
**340**. Display Format Instructions **358** database provides instructions that  
identify what data needs to be formatted for display and what display formats  
to send to Display Subsystem **610**. Display Format Instructions **358** database  
is used by Execute Special Message Functions **260** task (Fig. 3) to identify  
Link 16 message data in Message Parameter Database **340** that needs to be

formatted, and what formatting instruction to use. The formatted data is placed in Message Parameter Database **340**. Display Format Instructions **358** database is also used by Execute Special Platform Functions **460** task (Fig. 4) to identify legacy subsystem data in Message Parameter Database **340** that needs to be formatted, and what formatting instruction to use. The formatted data is placed in Message Parameter Database **340**. The formatted display data and selected display format information contained in Message Parameter Database **340** is then used by Process Output Data **456** task, Encode Data **440** task, and Transmit Data **418** task to send the formatted display data and selected display format information to Display Subsystem **610** ( Fig. 2) on the host platform. Platform Application Instructions **360** database provides instructions that identify which platform utility functions to activate. Process Input Data **452** task (Fig. 4) uses pre-defined Platform Application Instructions **360** to determine which legacy subsystems have been activated for the host platform and then uses the appropriate Platform Integration Rules **454** on Receive Data **432**. Message parameters obtained from incoming data are stored in Message Parameter Database **340**. Execute Special Platform Functions **460** task also uses Platform Application Instructions **360** database to activate utilities on user specified data parameters. These utilities include display applications, mission applications, logic operations, preferred channel selections, service operational preference tables, mission record and playback, and other user defined data operations. The results of these utility operations are stored in Message Parameter Database **340**. Another capability of the Military Data Link Integration Application is the ability to create its databases (**302** through **308** and **352** through **360**) off the host platform using Ground Based Software Tool **700** shown in Fig. 1. Ground Based Software Tool **700** is provided on a workstation in an office environment. This tool is used to collect information, to define and create data and data structures, and to define and create the associated instructions required in each database (**302** through **308** and **352** through **360**). Once created, the databases (**302** through **308** and **352** through **360**) are then copied to a Data Loader Cartridge **702** (Fig. 1). Data Loader Cartridge **702** is then used on the host platform to load the individual databases (**302** through **308** and **352** through **360**) into API Database **300**

storage area and UMI Database **350** storage area through host platform Data  
2 Loader **640** shown in Fig. 2.

4 Since the Military Data Link Integration Application is a software  
partition, it can be implemented in an existing computer system on the host  
6 platform as illustrated in Fig. 1. It can also be hosted on a General Purpose  
Processor module **680** illustrated in Fig. 5, or an Image Processing Module  
8 **690** illustrated in Fig. 6.

10 In Fig. 5 API Database **300** is used to define the interfaces between  
Military Data Link Integration Application and Mission Applications **630**  
12 executing on Host Applications Processor **632**. API Database **300** is also  
used to define the interfaces to Legacy IPM **634** and Legacy I/O Modules **636**.

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In Fig. 6 API Database **300** is used to define the interfaces between the  
16 Military Data Link Integration Application and Mission Applications **630**  
executing on Host Applications Processor **632**. API Database **300** is also  
18 used to define the interfaces to Legacy I/O Modules **636**. Legacy IPM **634** is  
eliminated because it is replaced with Image Processing Module **690**.

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The advantage of hosting the Military Data Link Integration Application  
22 on a General Purpose Processor module or an Image Processing Module is  
that these provide more flexibility in implementing the Military Data Link  
24 Integration Application on host platforms that do not have an existing  
computer system. In the alternative, the existing computer system may not  
26 have the processing and memory resources required for the Military Data Link  
Integration Application. In these cases, the General Purpose Processor  
28 module or Image Processing Module can be integrated into any legacy  
subsystem equipment that has a spare card slot.

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Although the invention has been described in detail with particular  
32 reference to these preferred embodiments, other embodiments can achieve  
the same results. Variations and modifications of the present invention will be  
34 obvious to those skilled in the art and it is intended to cover in the appended

claims all such modifications and equivalents. The entire disclosures of all  
2 references, applications, patents, and publications cited above, are hereby  
incorporated by reference.